|  |
| --- |
| Experiment No. 9 |
| Program to manipulate arrays using NumPy |
| Date of Performance: 26/03/2024 |
| Date of Submission: 02/04/2024 |

**Experiment No. 9**

**Title:** Program to manipulate arrays using NumPy

**Aim:** To study and implement arrays manipulation using NumPy

**Objective:** To introduce NumPy package

**Theory:**

**Numpy**is a general-purpose array-processing package. It provides a high-performance multidimensional array object, and tools for working with these arrays. It is the fundamental package for scientific computing with Python.  
Besides its obvious scientific uses, Numpy can also be used as an efficient multi-dimensional container of generic data.

#### Arrays in Numpy

Array in Numpy is a table of elements (usually numbers), all of the same type, indexed by a tuple of positive integers. In Numpy, number of dimensions of the array is called rank of the array.A tuple of integers giving the size of the array along each dimension is known as shape of the array. An array class in Numpy is called as **ndarray**. Elements in Numpy arrays are accessed by using square brackets and can be initialized by using nested Python Lists.

**Creating a Numpy Array**  
Arrays in Numpy can be created by multiple ways, with various number of Ranks, defining the size of the Array. Arrays can also be created with the use of various data types such as lists, tuples, etc. The type of the resultant array is deduced from the type of the elements in the sequences.  
**Note:** Type of array can be explicitly defined while creating the array.

**Program:**

import numpy as np

arr=np.array([1,2,6,8,9,10,53])

print(arr)

num=int(input("Enter the number that you want to search:"))

for i in arr :

if num == i :

print("ELement is found in the given array")

break;

else:

print("ELement is not found in the given array")

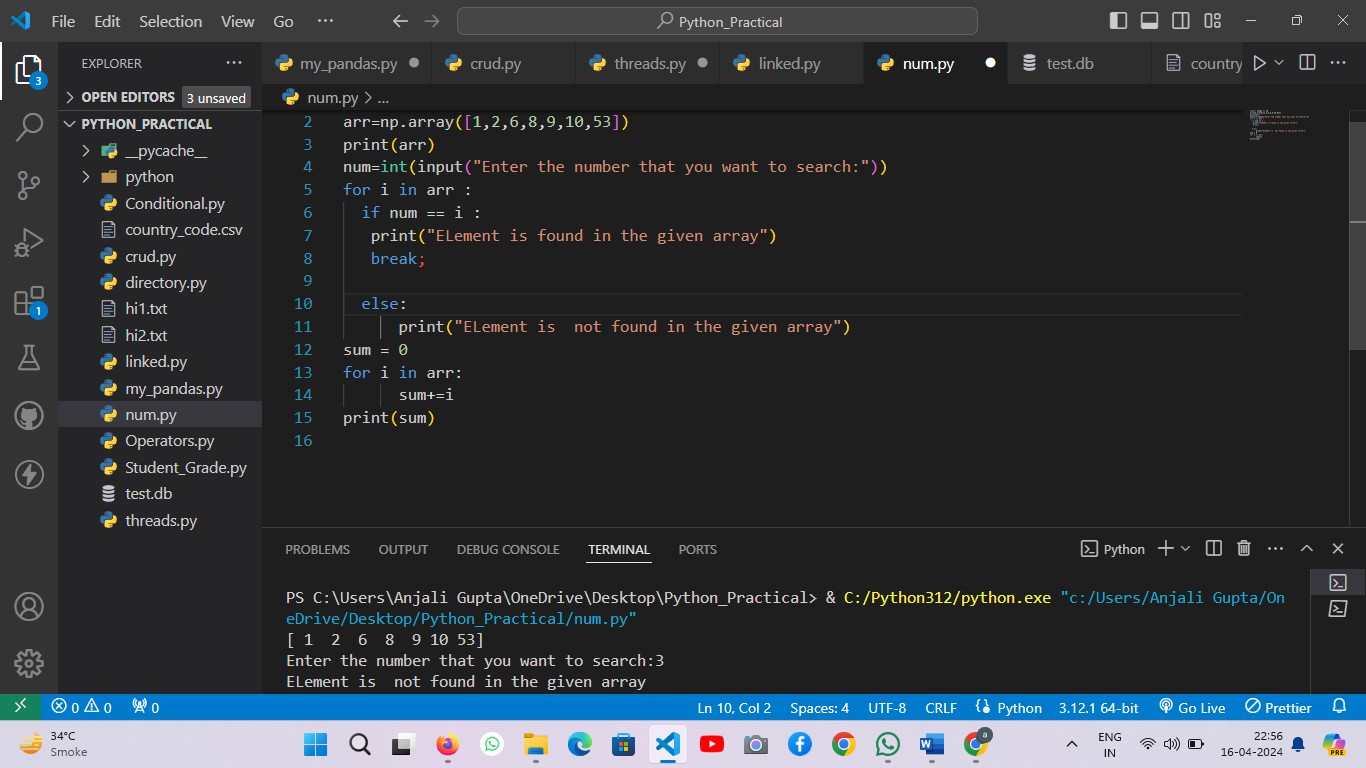
sum = 0

for i in arr:

sum+=i

print(sum)

**Output:**



**Conclusion:**

After performing Experiment No. 9, it's evident that NumPy offers powerful tools for array manipulation in Python, facilitating efficient scientific computing. Through this experiment, arrays were created, reshaped, transposed, and flipped, showcasing NumPy's versatility. Additionally, the capability to search for elements within arrays was demonstrated, enhancing the practical utility of NumPy in data analysis and scientific research. Overall, this experiment provided a comprehensive introduction to NumPy and its essential functionalities for array processing in Python.